



KHRS Scientific Session
June 04th , 2021

**Role of Artificial Intelligence
in the prediction and management of **AF****

Ki Hong Lee

**The Heart Center of Chonnam National University Hospital,
Chonnam National University Research Institute of Medical Sciences,
Gwangju, Korea**



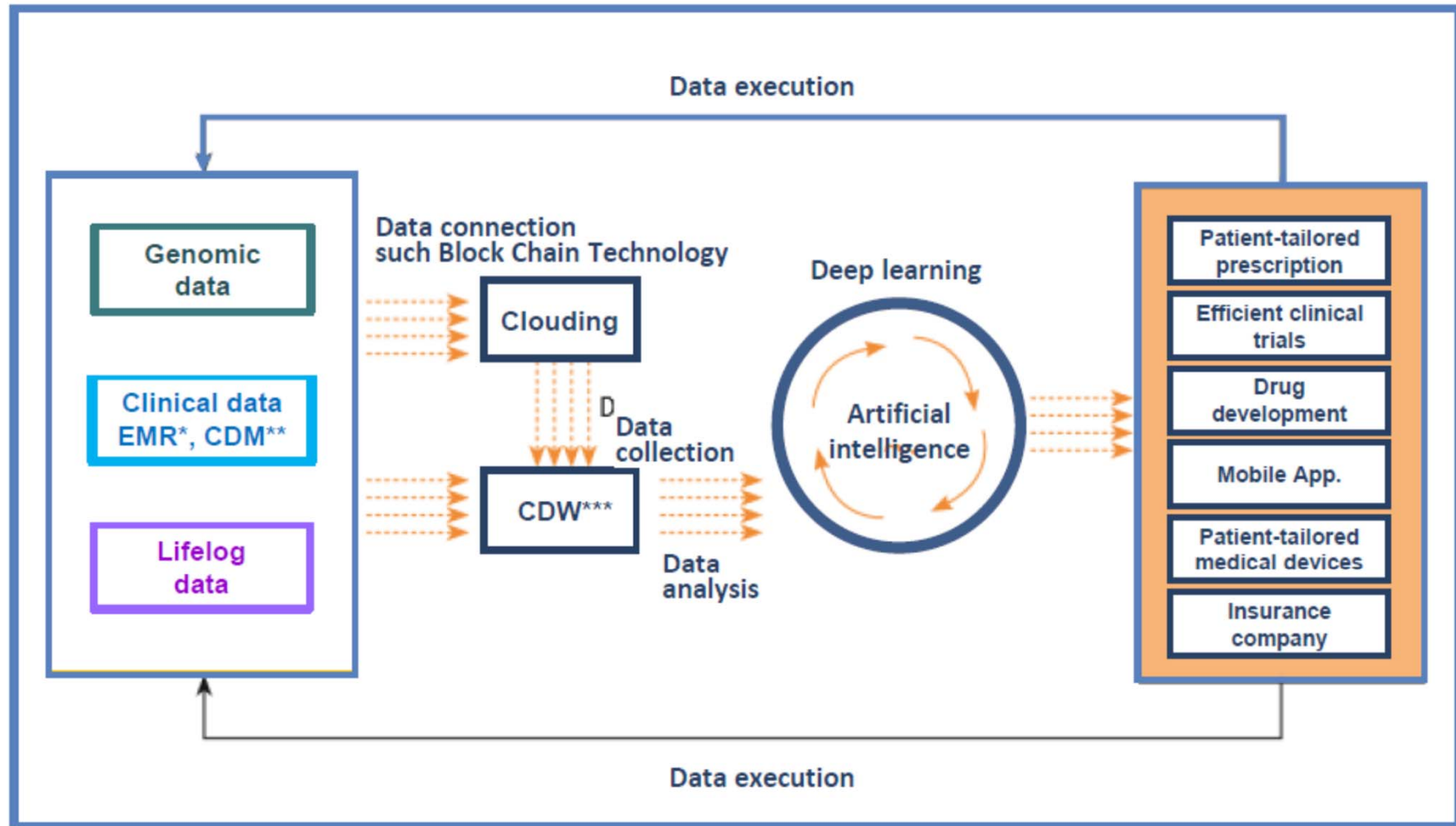
Korean Heart Rhythm Society COI Disclosure

Name of First Author:

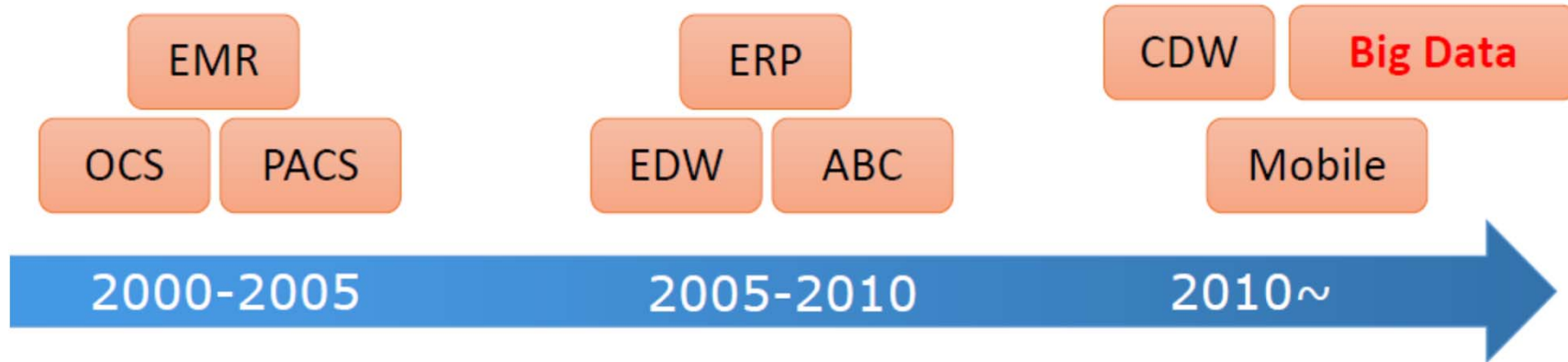
The authors have no financial conflicts of interest
to disclose concerning the presentation

1. Artificial Intelligence & 4th Industrial Revolution

AI & Big Data in Future of Healthcare



4th Industrial Revolution in Clinical Field



Next Step for 4th industrial revolution

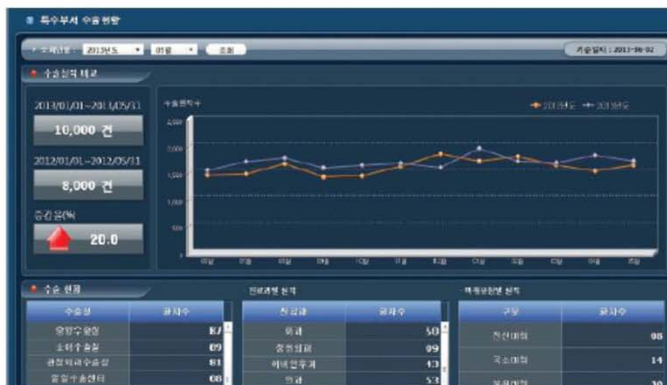


Clinical Data Expansion

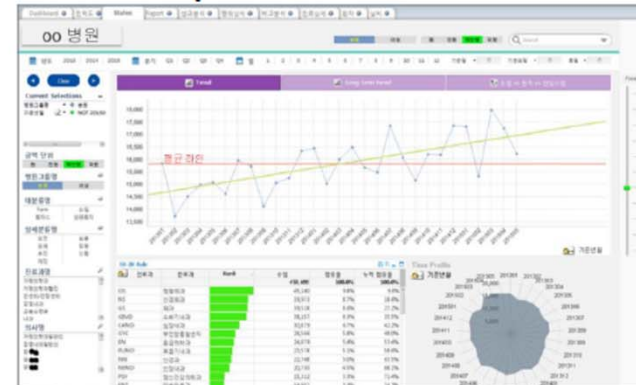
Traditional Clinical Data

The image displays three traditional clinical data systems: OCS (Outpatient Clinic System) on the left, EMR (Electronic Medical Record) in the center, and PACS (Picture Archiving and Communication System) on the right. These systems are grouped under the 'Traditional Clinical Data' label. A large grey arrow points downwards from this group towards the 'Clinical Data Warehouse' and 'Enterprise Data Warehouse' sections.

Clinical Data Warehouse

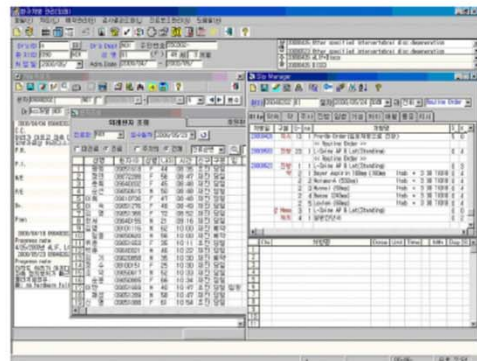


Enterprise Data Warehouse

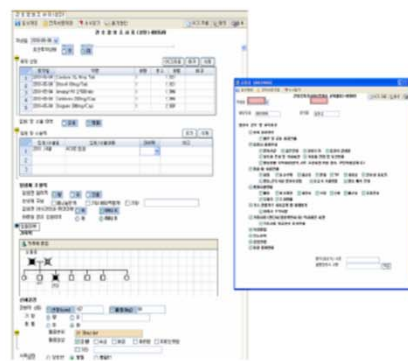


Clinical Data Expansion

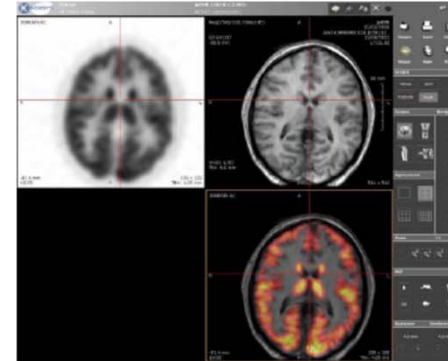
Traditional Clinical Data



OCS



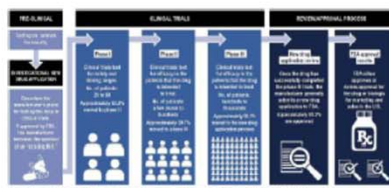
EMR



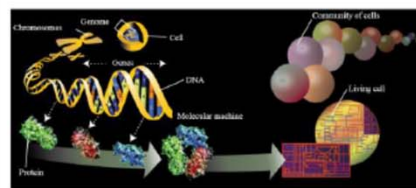
PACS



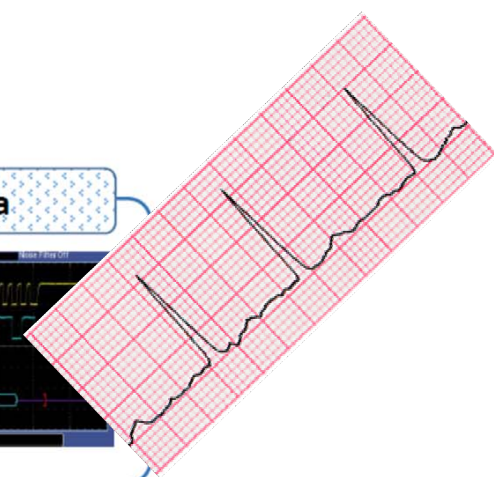
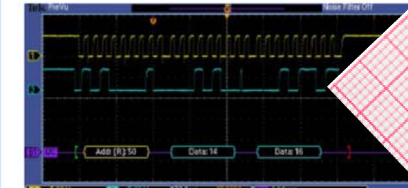
Research Data



Genomics Data

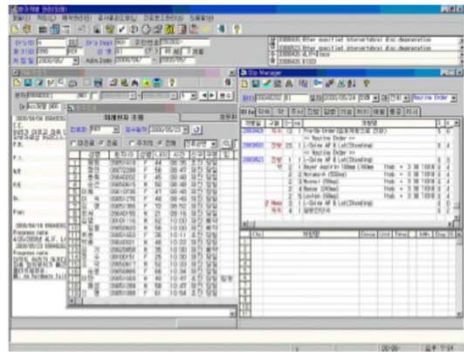


Signal Data

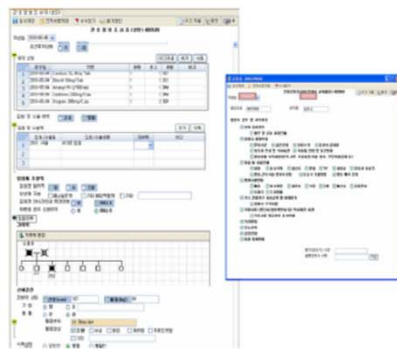


Clinical Data Expansion

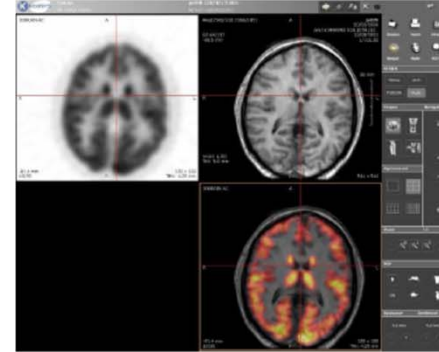
Traditional Clinical Data



OCS



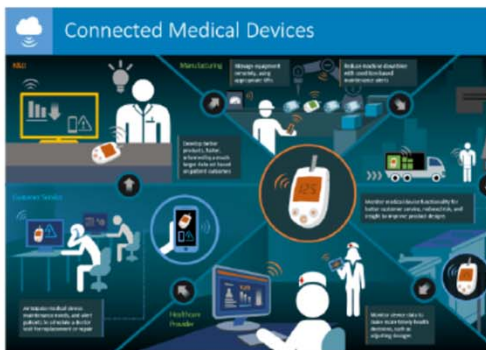
EMR



PACS



IoT



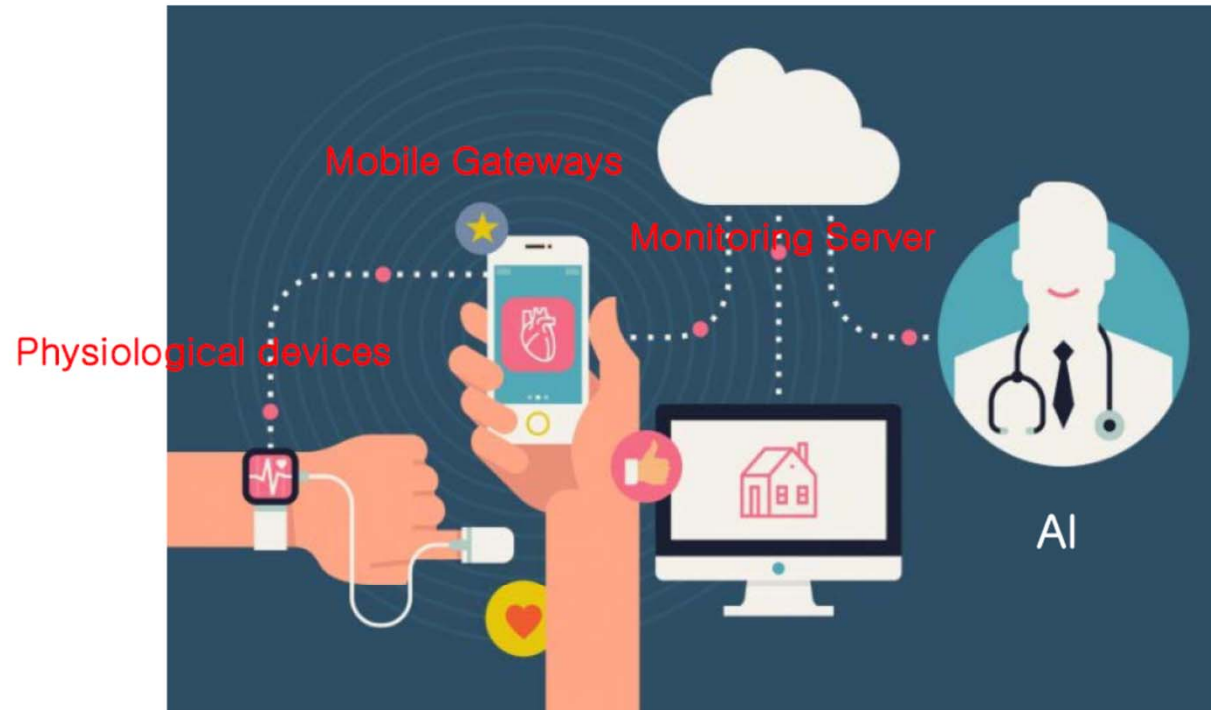
VR



AI



Smart Device for ECG monitoring based on AI

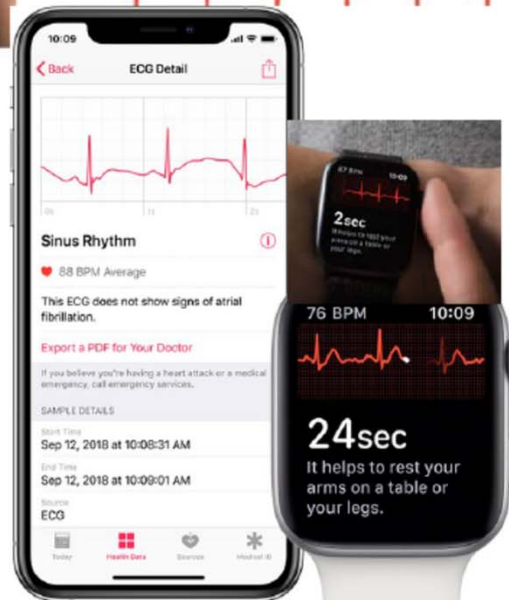


Smart Watch

A. Photoplethysmogram/Tachogram recording



B. Lead I electrocardiogram recording



Apple Watch 4
2018.9



Kardia Band(AliveCor)
\$99

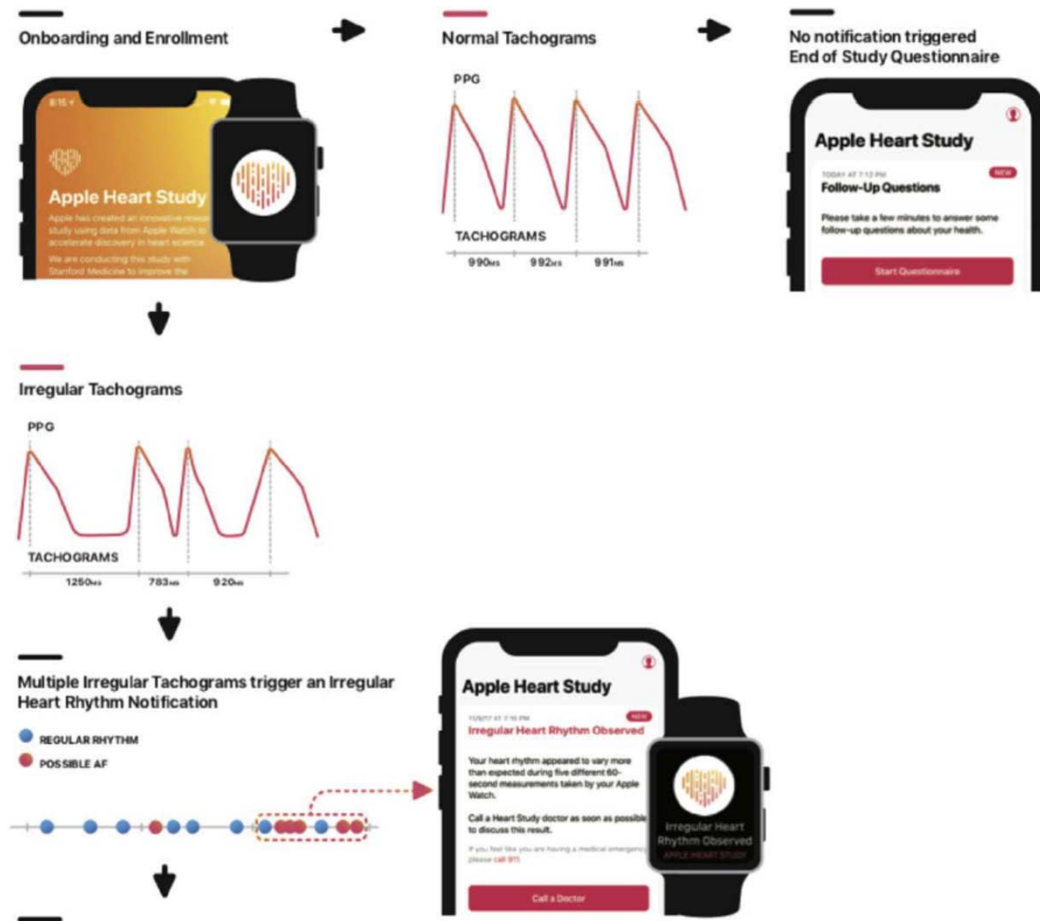
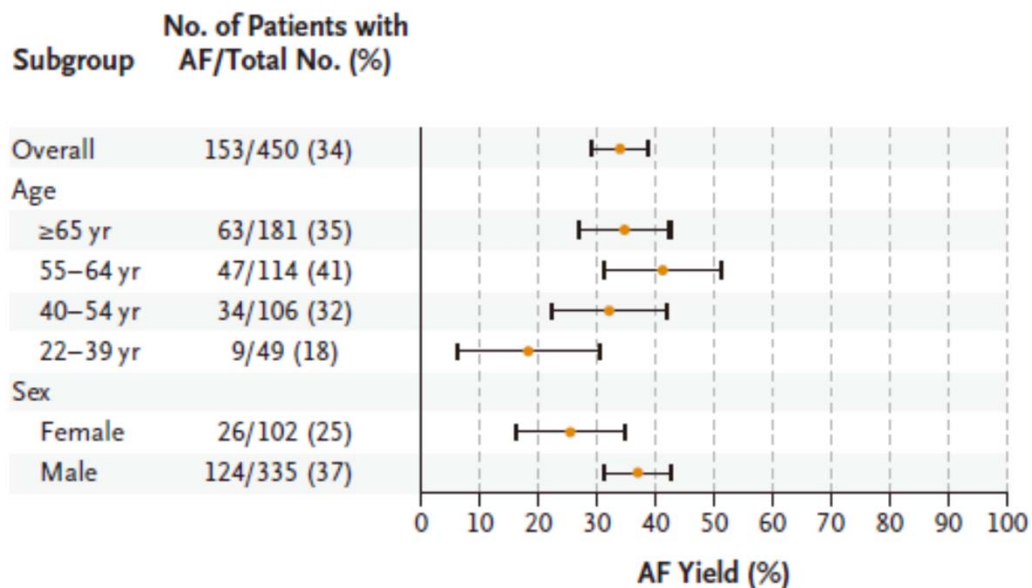
APPLE HEART study - Tachogram

419,297 Pts -> 2,161 (0.5%) received irregular pulse notification -> 450 Pts ECG patch

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Large-Scale Assessment of a Smartwatch to Identify Atrial Fibrillation



Smart device for automated detection of AF using AI algorithm

Kardia mobile - Alive core



AliveCor (Mountain View, California) Kardia Band



The smartwatch strap with an electrode sensor that records heart rhythm

Patient places thumb on the sensor to record rhythm

The application utilizes an algorithm to differentiate sinus rhythm (SR) from atrial fibrillation (AF), or would label the recording as unclassified if it does not meet certain criteria

The app informs the patient if AF is detected; the results are transmitted to the patient's physician

Method for interpreting the recording:	% of patients with interpretable results	Accuracy of AF diagnosis compared to 12 lead electrocardiogram
App algorithm only	66%	93% sensitivity; 84% specificity
Physician only	87%	99% sensitivity; 83% specificity
Recordings labeled as "unclassified" by the app algorithm when reviewed	100%	100% sensitivity; 80% specificity

Patch type Ambulatory continuous ECG monitoring using AI analysis



Mobile App



Cardio Physician Web

Patch type ECG monitoring - Report: 47/M intermittent palpitation

Patient name 김		Gender -	Date of birth -
Hookup Date 2021-01-14	Hookup Time 11:03:00	Duration 72:00:00	Code 20210114
Ordering Physician	Hookup Technician	Analysing Technician	Device Serial

Supraventricular Tachycardia
 Total - Episodes
 Fastest SVT (HR Range : 64 - 115 bpm : 86 Time : 2021-01-14 12:46:40)

Ventricular Tachycardia
 Total - Episodes
 Fastest VT (HR Range : -bpm : - Time : -)

Not Found

Atrial Fibrillation
 Total - Episodes
 Fastest AF (HR Range : 64 - 106 bpm : 76 Time : 2021-01-14 12:42:09)

General

QRS Complexes	277,962
Supraventricular Beats	54 (<0.02%)
Ventricular Beats	326 (<0.12%)
% of total time classified as noise	0.175

Heart Rate

Minimum	35 bpm	2021-01-16 05:42:05
Average	64 bpm	
Maximum	240 bpm	2021-01-16 10:39:57
Max R-R	3,840 ms	2021-01-15 01:29:57

Supraventriculars

Isolated	41
Couplets	2
Bigeminal Cycles	8
Run (Total Run beats)	1 (9)

Ventriculars

Isolated	298
Couplets	14
Bigeminal cycles	6
Runs (Total Run beats)	0 (0)

Activity Level

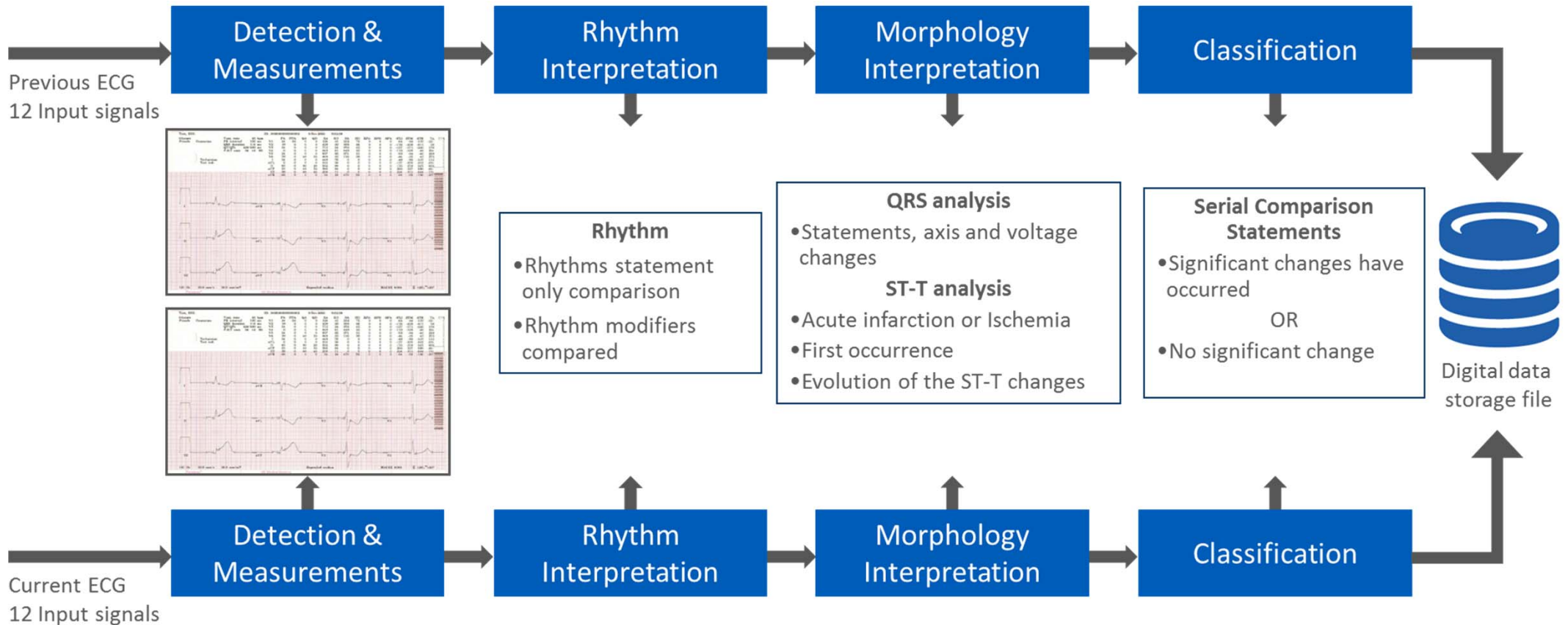
Average	1
Maximum	10

Arrhythmia

SVT	1
AF / AFL	417
VT	0
VF / VFL	0
Pauses	2249
SBR	0

2. AI & AF/Cardiovascular Disease

Serial Analysis of ECG



AI analysis Algorithm

1. Model derivation data and processing

Sex	Rhythm	Age	Weight	Heart rate	QT interval	Ejection Fra.
Male	A.Fib	61	74	56	432	48%
Female	Sinus	46	78	86	404	70%
Male	Sinus	59	74	58	420	60%
Female	Afb	66	73	173	300	58%
Female	Sinus	74	46	104	384	35%
Female	Sinus	75	46	70	434	38%
Male	Sinus	47	72	83	352	58%
Female	Sinus	65	78	61	424	55%
Male	Sinus	26	63	61	368	45%
Female	Afb	80	51	89	340	60%
Male	Sinus	68	59	75	404	65%
Male	Sinus	60	55	54	416	60%
Female	Sinus	67	82	88	365	70%
.

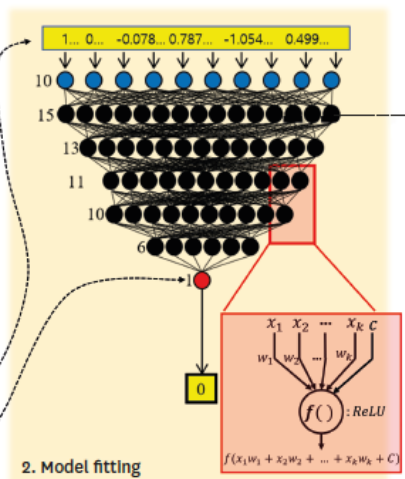
numeric change for categorical variable
 normalization for continuous variable
 outcome variable

Sex	Rhythm	Age	Weight	Heart rate	QT interval	Heart Failure
1	0	-0.078	0.787	-1.054	0.499	0
0	0	-1.098	1.102	0.506	-0.061	0
1	0	-0.214	0.787	-0.950	0.259	0
0	1	0.262	0.708	5.030	-2.140	0
0	0	0.806	-1.423	1.442	-0.461	1
0	0	0.874	-1.423	-0.326	0.539	1
1	0	-1.030	0.629	0.350	-1.101	0
0	0	0.194	1.102	-0.794	0.339	0
1	0	-2.458	-0.081	-0.794	-0.781	0
0	1	1.214	-1.028	0.662	-1.341	0
0	0	0.398	-0.397	-0.066	-0.061	0
1	0	-0.146	-0.713	-1.158	0.179	0
0	0	0.330	1.418	0.610	-0.841	0
.

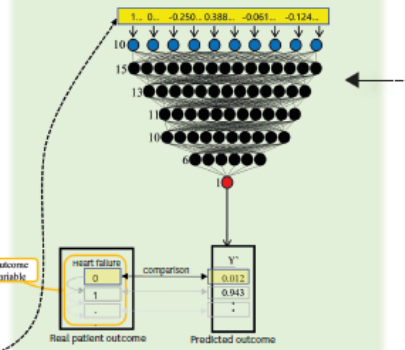
3. validation data and processing

Sex	Rhythm	Age	Weight	Heart rate	QT interval	Ejection Fra.
Male	Sinus	56	70	73	400	65%
Male	Sinus	66	80	57	428	35%
.

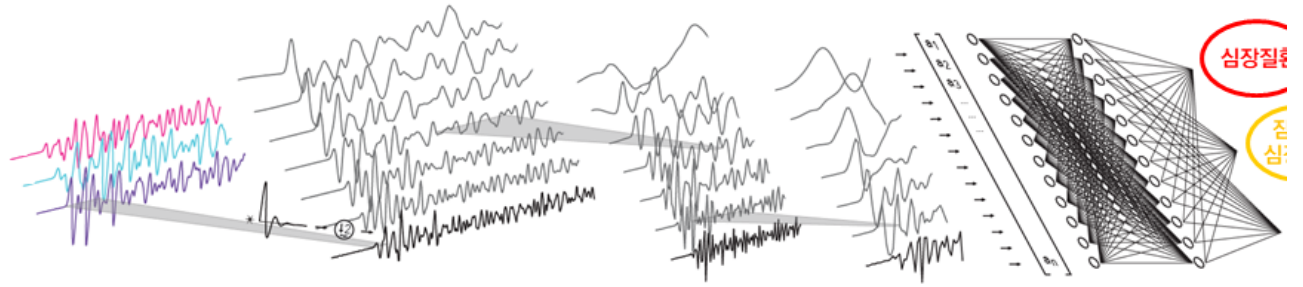
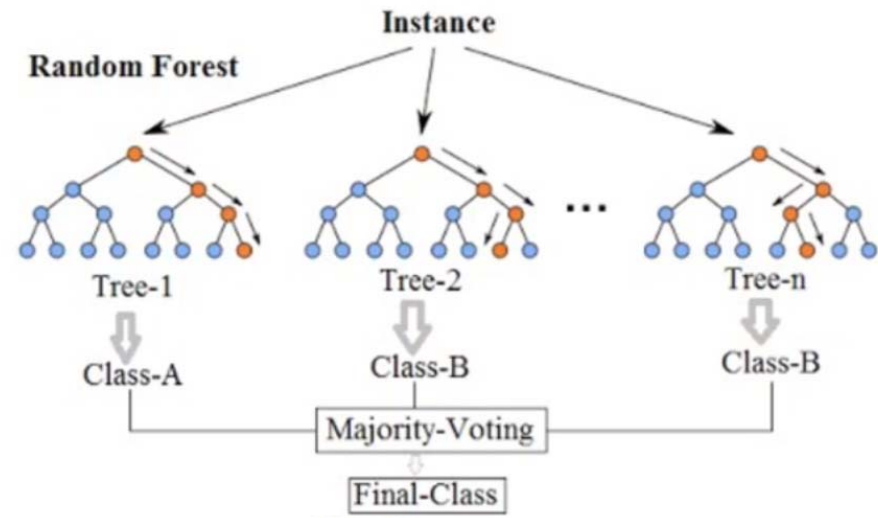
Sex	Rhythm	Age	Weight	Heart rate	QT interval
1	0	-0.250	0.388	-0.061	-0.124
1	0	0.407	1.139	-0.922	0.475
.



2. Model fitting

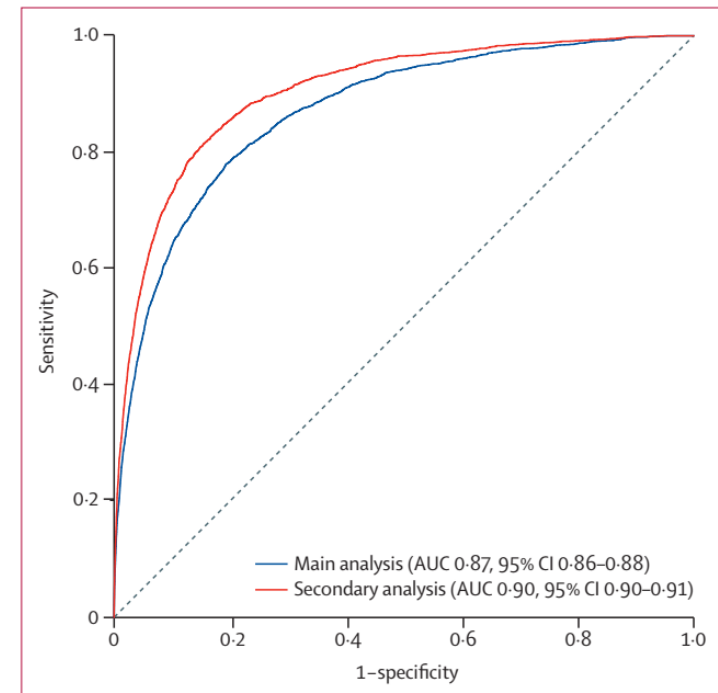
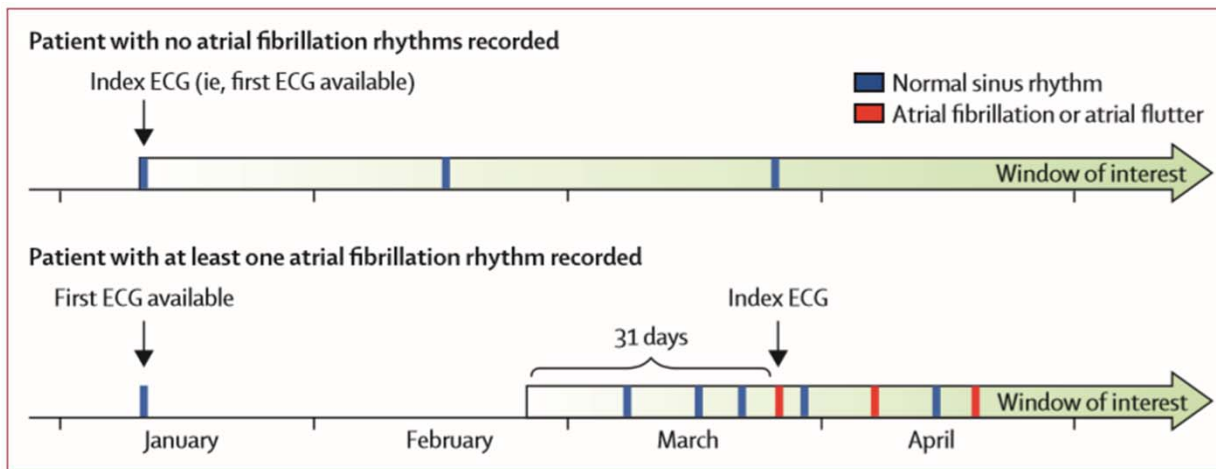


4. Performance test of developed model



An artificial intelligence-enabled ECG algorithm for the identification of patients with atrial fibrillation during sinus rhythm: a retrospective analysis of outcome prediction

Zachi I Attia*, Peter A Noseworthy*, Francisco Lopez-Jimenez, Samuel J Asirvatham, Abhishek J Deshmukh, Bernard J Gersh, Rickey E Carter, Xiaoxi Yao, Alejandro A Rabinstein, Brad J Erickson, Suraj Kapa, Paul A Friedman



Lancet. 2019 ;394:861-867

Original Article

Development and Validation of Deep-Learning Algorithm for Electrocardiography-Based Heart Failure Identification

1. Model derivation data and processing

Sex	Rhythm	Age	Weight	Heart rate	QT interval	Ejection frac.
Male	A.Fib	61	74	56	432	48%
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numeric change for categorical variables

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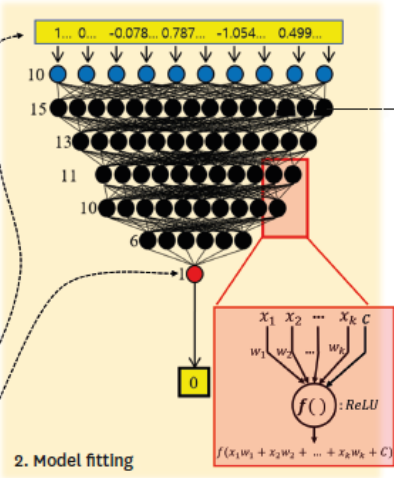
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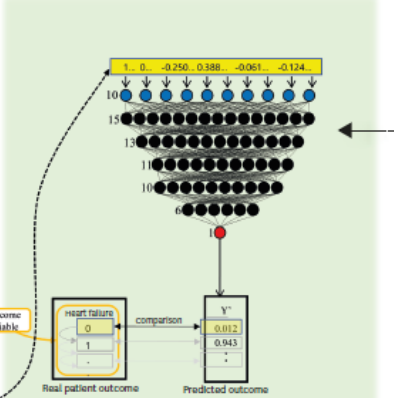
numeric change for categorical variables

normalization for continuous variables

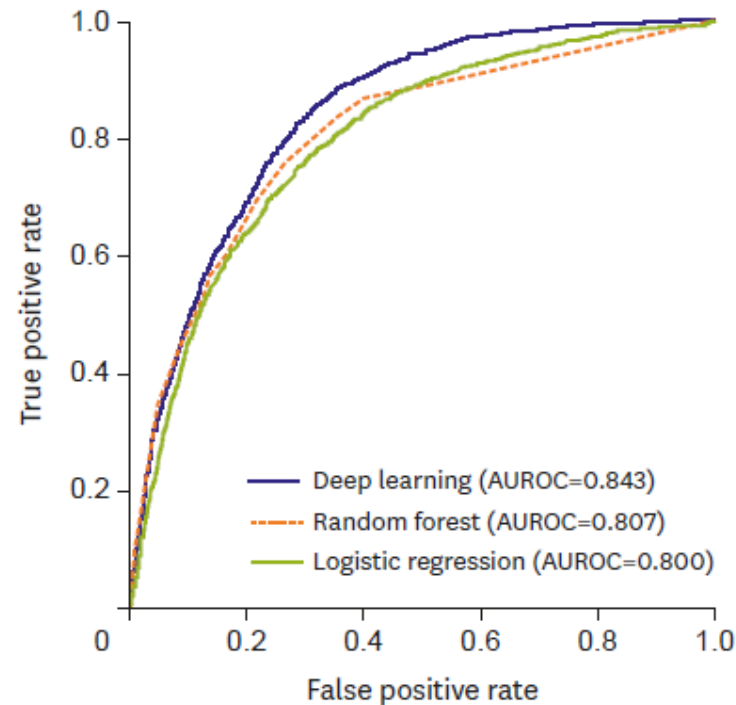
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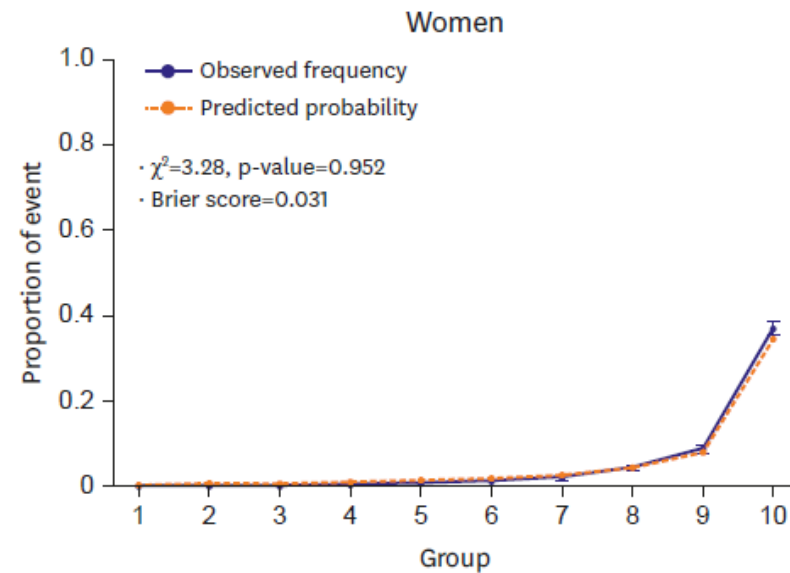
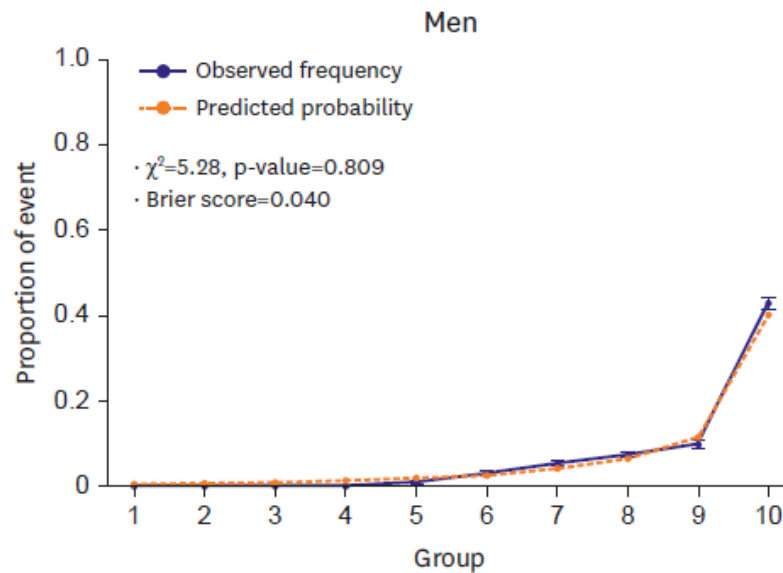


Original Article



Development and External Validation of a Deep Learning Algorithm for Prognostication of Cardiovascular Outcomes

A. Internal validation



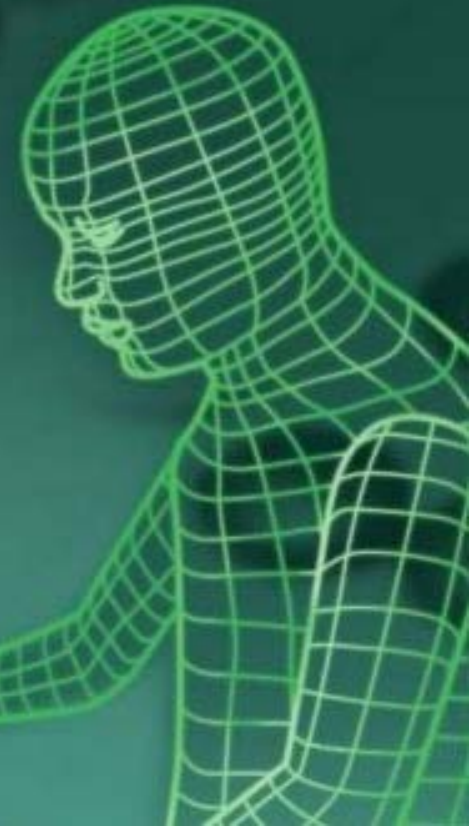
3. Prediction of AF/CVD based on AI

Human vs. AI

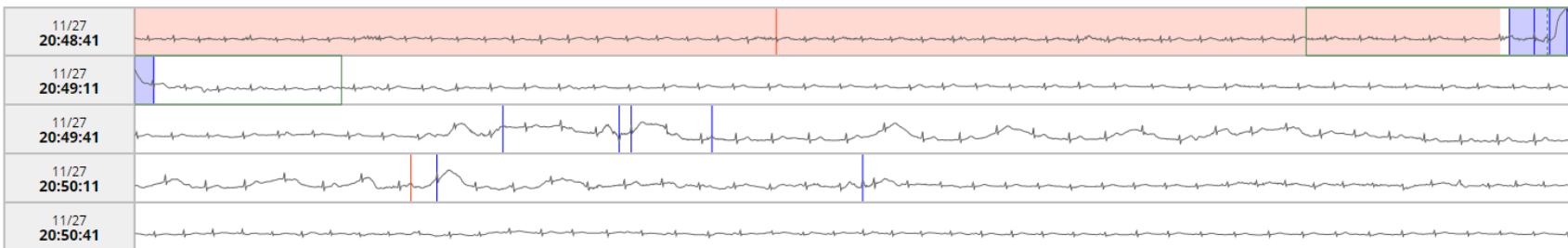
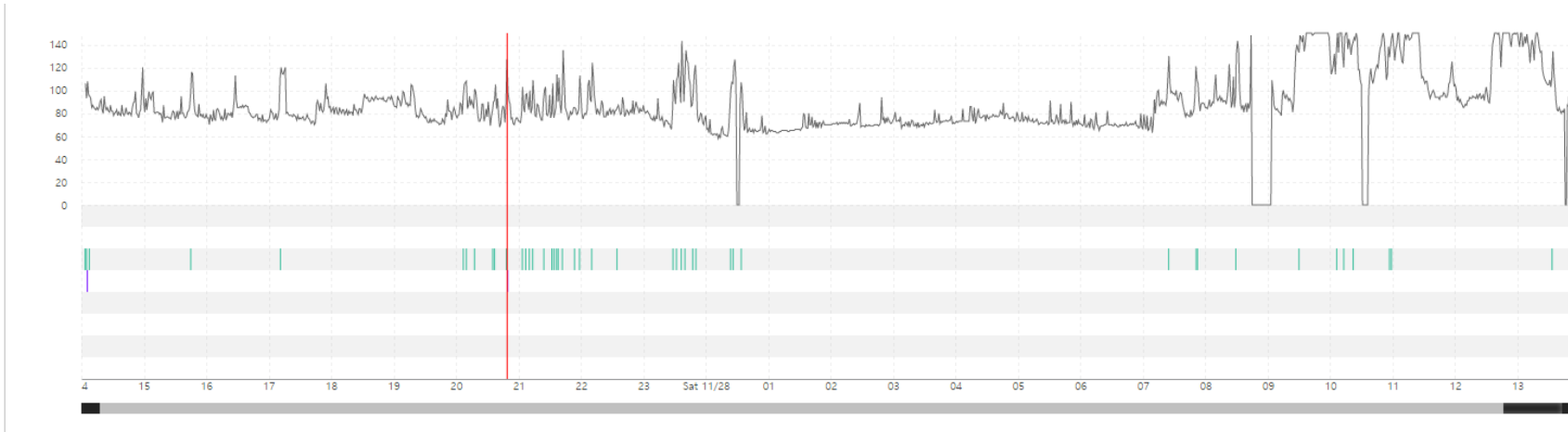
프로 9단 이세돌

인간 대 인공지능의 대결

1967년	체스	체스 프로그램 '맥핵' vs 철학자 허버트 드레퀴스	맥핵 승
1996년	체스	IBM 슈퍼컴퓨터 '딥블루' vs 체스 세계 챔피언 개리 카스파로프	카스파로프 승 (3승 2무 1패)
1997년	체스	IBM 슈퍼컴 '딥퍼블루' vs 카스파로프	딥퍼블루 승 (2승 3무 1패)
2011년	퀴즈	IBM 슈퍼컴 '왓슨' vs 퀴즈 챔피언 제닝스 루터	왓슨 우승
2013년	장기	장기 프로그램 '아웨이크' vs 일본 프로기사 연합	아웨이크 승 (3승 1무 1패)
2015년	포커	포커 프로그램 '홀라우디코' vs 프로 포커 선수 4명	프로 선수 승리
2015년	바둑	구글 '알파고' vs 프로 바둑기사 판후이(2단)	알파고 승 (5승 무패)
2016년 3월	바둑	알파고 vs 프로 9단 이세돌	?



Entirely trust AI Algorithm?



Base Line : 11.572mV / Heart Rate Average : 114 / Q / ↔



Heart Rate

Test Duration : 1D
Average HR : 86 bpm
HR Range: 55-243 bpm

Start	End
150bpm	300bpm

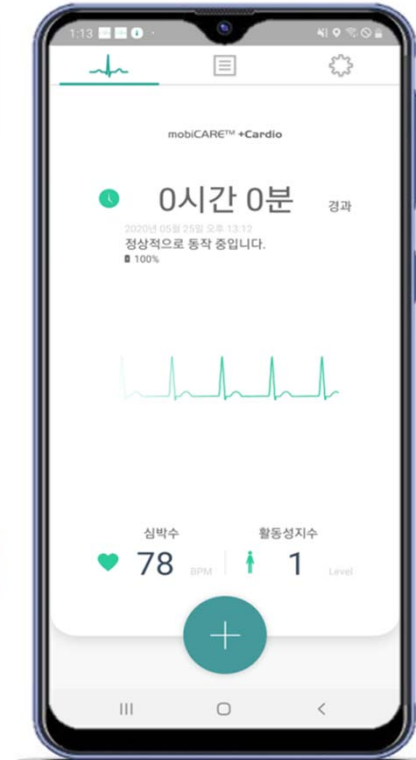
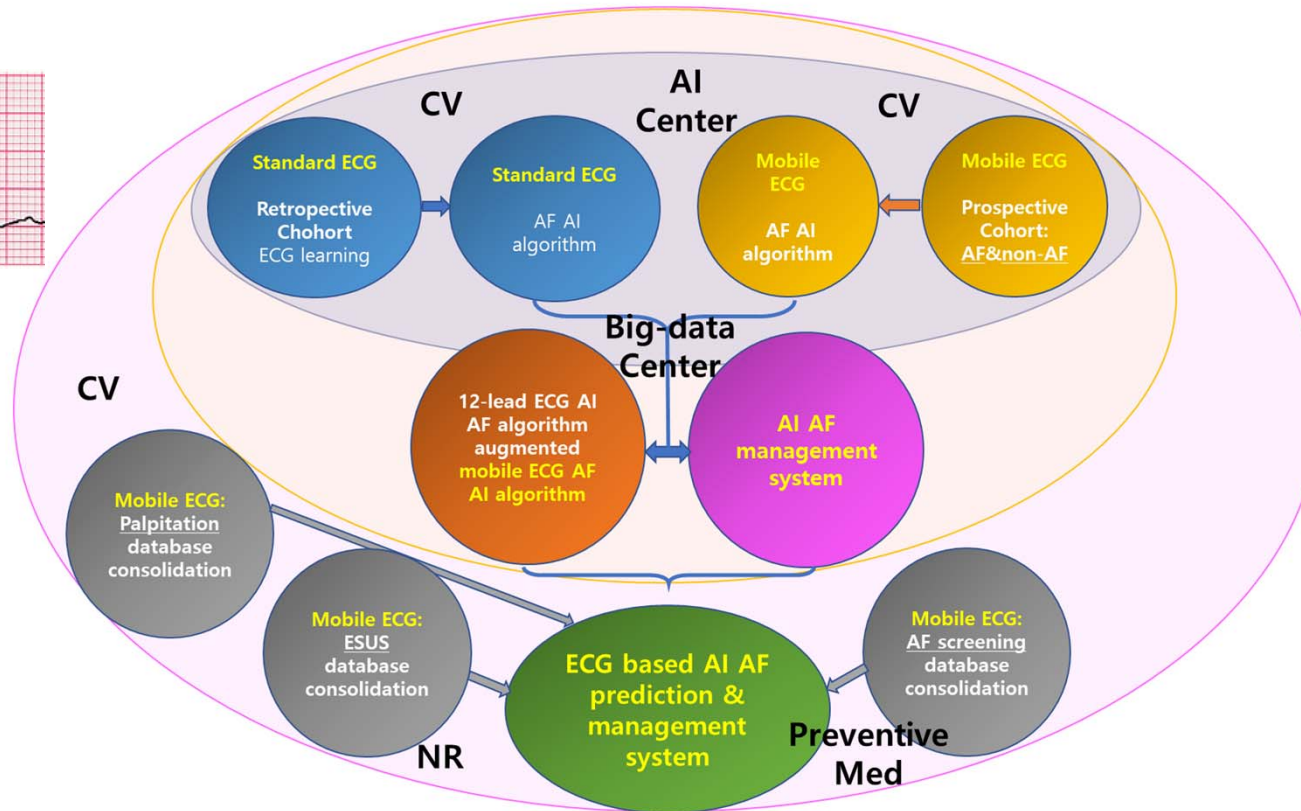
- Diary events : 0
- SVT : 0
 - AF / AFL : 45
 - VT : 3
 - VF / VFL : 0
 - Pauses : 0
 - SBR : 0
 - AV Block : 0

30 Sec	1 Min	
0.5 mV	1.0 mV	1.5 mV
< Prev	Next >	
2020-11-27 20:49:10	Move	

▲ BaseLine	BaseLine ▼
< 10 Sec	10 Sec >
< Abnormal	Abnormal >
Add Beat	Add Rhythm
Add Report	

2021년도 신진연구 신규과제 연구계획서

Integrated standard and mobile ECG atrial fibrillation prediction and management system based on artificial intelligence

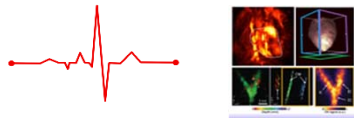


2021년도 기초연구실지원 연구개발계획서

양식A101

① 부처사업명(대)	기초연구사업	④ 보안등급(보안, 일반)	일반
② 사업명(중)	기초연구실지원	⑤ 과제성격(기초, 응용, 개발)	기초
③ 세부사업명(소)	융합형		
⑥ 총괄(상위) 과제명			
⑦ 과제명	국 문	인공지능 기반 한국 특화형 심장 질환 조기 예측 및 관리	
	영 문	Korea-specific early prediction and management for heart disease based on artificial intelligence	

• Clinical Data
CNUH CV



• Dx & Tx guideline

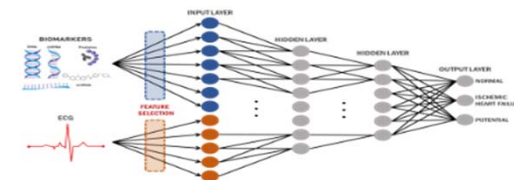
CNUH CV



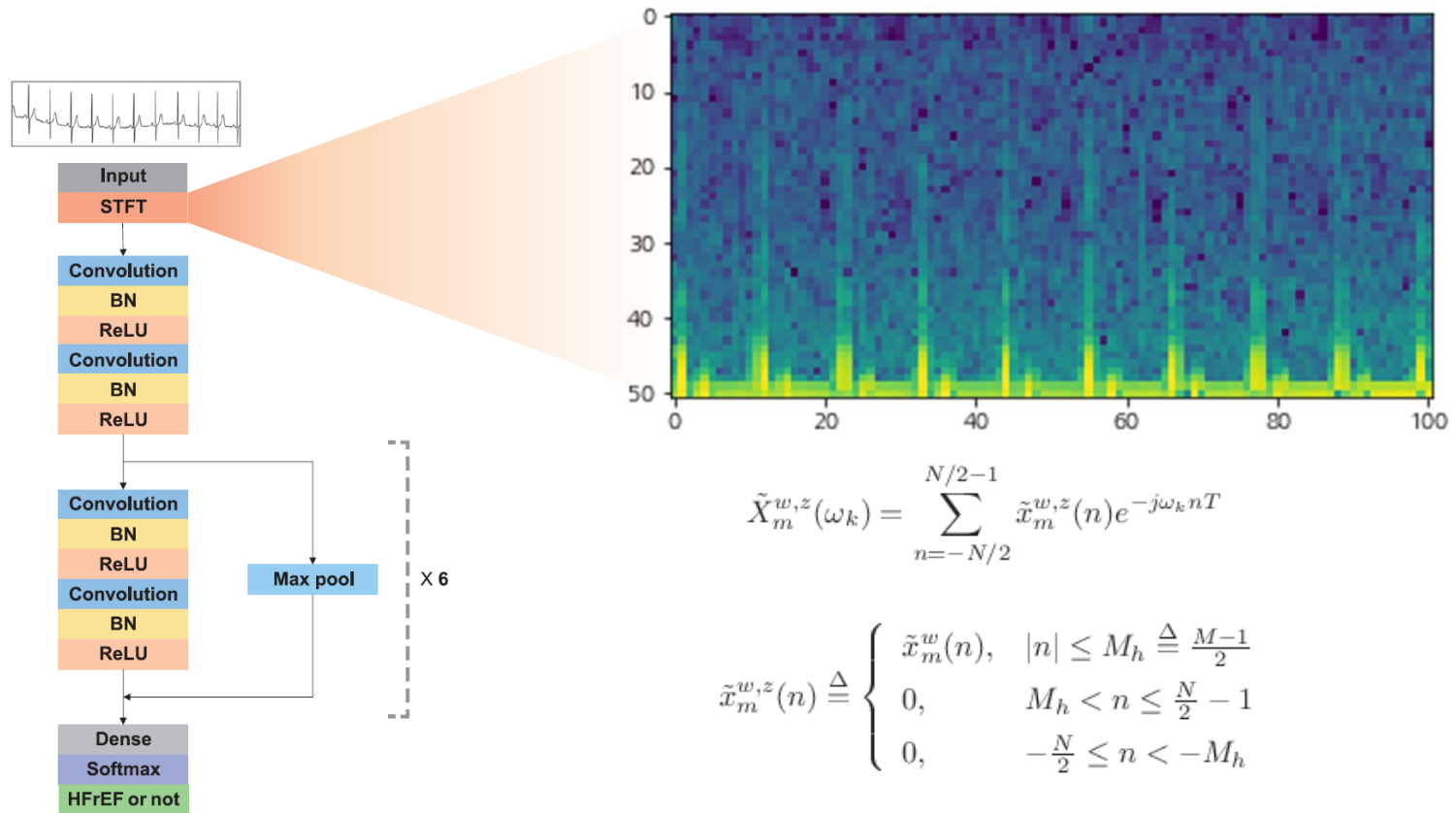
CVD prediction system
with Big-data
CNU big-data Center



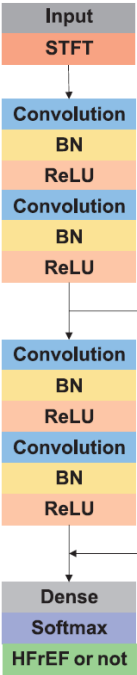
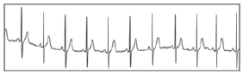
Pt management system
With AI
CNU AI Center



Convolutional Network Analysis (CNN)

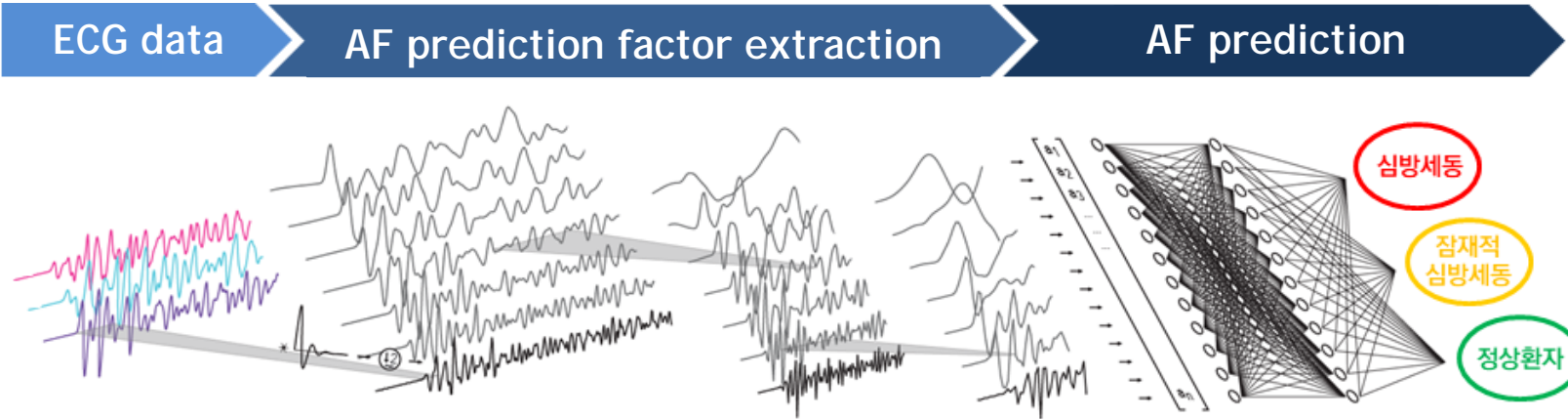


Convolutional Network Analysis (CNN)



Max pool

X 6



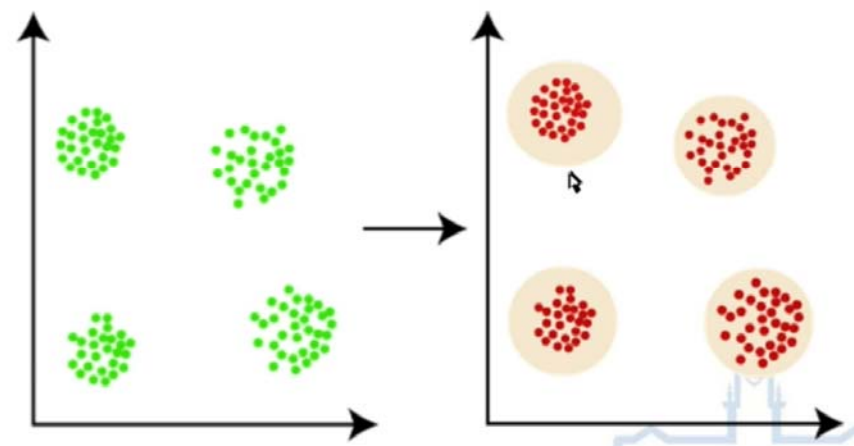
Which factors can explain prediction?

What's Cluster Analysis/Clustering?

AI Explainable Model

```
<OriginalDiagnosis>  
<Modality> RESTING</Modality>  
<DiagnosisStatement>  
<StmTFlag> ENDSLINE</StmTFlag>  
<StmTText> Sinus tachycardia</StmTText>  
</DiagnosisStatement>  
<DiagnosisStatement>  
<StmTFlag> ENDSLINE</StmTFlag>  
<StmTText> Prolonged QT</StmTText>  
</DiagnosisStatement>  
<DiagnosisStatement>  
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<StmTText> Abnormal ECG</StmTText>  
</DiagnosisStatement>
```

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Showing four clusters formed from the set of unlabeled data

Explainable Model for Prediction and Prevention

Different Insights from Different Data Source...

Different Materials (Data)



- Who will benefit from a earlier prevention strategy





Wrap-up & Summary



Big data with Clinical Data

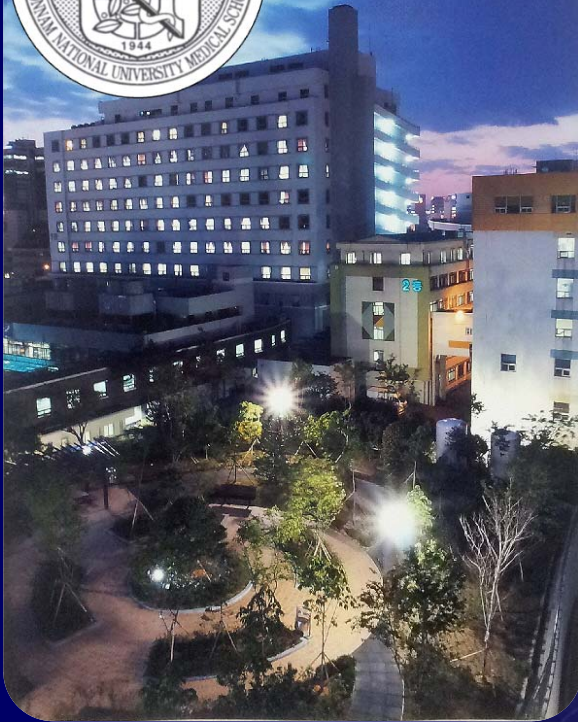
**Prediction Algorithm for AF/CVD
with AI**

**Risk & Disease Management
Algorithm for AF/CVD with AI**

AF/CVD Prediction Model

- ❖ Preemptive Detection of subclinical AF/CVD
- ❖ Improvement of CVD prevention & management
- ❖ Clinician Stress Decrement
- ❖ Diagnostic accuracy improvement Aid

**Preemptive Prevention &
Management system**



Thank you for your attention !!

